

Cancer Incidence and trends in the Peninsula

The table below shows the incidence of new registrations for cancer in England and the Peninsula for 2005.

| Site of cancer | Incidence of cancer in 2005 | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | England | Peninsula |
| Breast | 24,390 | 1,610 |
| Prostate | 18,288 | 1,192 |
| Lung | 17,333 | 1,036 |
| Colon | 11,644 | 748 |
| Melanoma | 5,197 | 474 |
| Rectum | 5,169 | 338 |
| Bladder | 5,072 | 304 |
| Oesophagus | 3,844 | 296 |
| Cervix-in-situ | 12,366 | 765 |
| Breast-in-situ | 2,860 | 324 |

The number of new cases of cancer in England is predicted to increase by 33% by 2020. Much of the increase in cancer deaths is related to the ageing population as cancer becomes more common as people are older. However, this is not the case for all cancers and the projected increase in malignant melanoma relates to cancer presenting in middle aged people.